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A Study on Population Explosion and its Impact on Job Market in Bangalore

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Abstract:

Population explosion is a social problem and is deeply rooted in the society, so efforts must be done to remove the social evils. In order to reduce the problem faced by the people regarding their jobs can be done by providing various types of incentives, promotion and transfers according to their working class. In general, the higher population the more jobs are created to serve the needs of the people but in the current situation job opportunities are lacking behind. The advanced technology is reducing the number of employees needed in a company. By implementing birth control, it would ultimately slow the population growth. This ensures to reduce the impact of job market.

Introduction

Population growth refers to change in the size of a population – which can be either positive or negative overtime. It is also known as one of the driving force behind environmental problems. Population growth rate is measured in number of individuals in population overtime. The term for population growth is written as (DV/DT).

Population growth affects employment. This means that as one increases, the other also increases. As a population rapidly grows so does the number of unemployed people. It is possible that rapid population growth doesn’t affect the unemployment rate, however this only occur if the number of jobs available increases as the population increases population growth also results in the decrease of net wages. A fast growth in population means a large no. of person coming to the labour market for whom it may not be possible to provide employment. The number of job seekers is expanding so fast that despite all efforts towards planned development it has not been possible to provide employment to all The rapidly rising population makes it almost impossible for economically backward countries to solve their
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problem of unemployment large size of population and its rapid rate of growth results in the job.

Some characteristics of overpopulation are:
1) Birth rate is high low life expectancy
2) Low literacy
3) High rate of unemployment village people are not gainfully employed (caught in cycle of poverty
4) Insufficient cultivable land Little surplus food Poor diet with ill health and diet-deficiency diseases.
5) GDP per capita is low (under US$765 per annum)

Review of Literature

According to Boserup, (1981) says that using improved technology can have a positive import on production. Some demographers have concluded that slower population growth would be beneficial for development in most developing countries and that the relationship between population in development is contextual the national research council.

According to Mason, (1988) rapidly growing population require increasing investment to maintain the labour to capital ratio, therefore the labour productivity increase. Besides this simple relationship between population growth savings and economic growth the increase of human capital institutional and restructuring problems also play an important role.

According to Livingston, (2002) mention that Malthus and neo-Malthusians believe that population growth is negatively correlated with economic growth. But Julian Simon argues that the correlation is positive.

According to Bloom, et al (1988) an empirical study of the population growth and economic growth, and the role demographic factors in expanding the bloom in economic growth for the purpose day collected data for 70 countries from all regions of the world and covering the period 1965-90 they have estimated growth using an economic model.

According to Bloom, et al (1999) have examined the links between demography change and economic growth in Asia during the period 1965-90. The main objective of that study was to examine the linkages between population change of and economic growth.
According to Malaney et al. (1999), they have examined the links between demography. They examined this topic within the framework of the life cycle hypothesis. They used a time series of cross-sectional household surveys in Taiwan to estimate the age profile for consumption, income, and savings.

According to Kogel et al. (2004), they have done a study about the effects of age structure on economic growth. They have devised a new model to predict the effects of age structure change on economic growth. They estimated by using a cross-country regression of economic growth applied to 78 developing and developed countries.

According to Mason (1988), a rapidly growing population requires investment to maintain the labor to capital ratio. Therefore, the labor productivity increases other than the simple relationship between population growth, savings, and economic growth. The increase of human capital and restructuring problems also play a role. He also investigates the rapid population growth efforts to raise the rate of savings.

According to Kothare (1999), India has become one of the world’s fastest growing economies, primarily due to a rise in population growth exercising a positive effect on its long-term economic growth. India is now ranked as one of the top producers of agricultural products and is a leading nation in terms of GDP among developing countries. He says that a variety of factors have contributed to the growth of India’s economy. Due to raising population, a large labor force was created. India spent money on education to instruct the youth’s and to provide better education to the job seekers.

According to Simon (1977), the newer generation of job seekers who enter the workforce will have better education than the previous generation workers, and so the former will be more productive than the latter, so it has a positive impact on economic development.

According to optimistic like Keynes, development in a country without population growth will cause problems, when the population increase, they except the savings and investment also to increase. When the population decrease, the production, employment, income, and savings will also decrease and may negatively affect the development. According to him, the growth of population will cause a strong demand for goods that will make it possible to establish a good market as well as increase the demand for capital.

According to Deaton et al. (1999), they have been studying the population growth and savings. They explain this topic within the framework of the life cycle hypothesis. They also used...
time series of cross-sectional household survey to estimate the age profit for consumption, income and savings. So, they have used these results to investigate the development of economic growth.

According to Simon, et al (1944), were opinion that population growth is not a danger, but a benefit. According to them, the world is not running at the risk of shortage resource. Rather, population growth in many ways helps to economic development and improving knowledge, innovation etc.

According to P.N Agarawal (2005-06 census) the population of the country is over 111.2 crore. This comes to around every 6th person in the world is an Indian. Next to the china. India has the largest population in the world. While India’s population is 16.7 per cent of the world population. Its land area is only 2.4 per cent of the world land area. This significant proportion of the world population is found Jampacked in a small geographical area.

According to Graham, et al (2000), have tested the effect of population growth on economic development as well as the effects of economic development population growth. They wanted to determine how these effects changes overtime.

According to Bloom, et al (2001) also examined the situation regarding South and South East Asia’s demographic transition and its impact on the economy.

According to Kannan, et al (2002) studied the age-based structure transition and its linkages with the economic growth of countries in South Asia. This study found that the age based structural transition was not uniform among the countries of South and South East Asia. It has a positive impact of economic development.

According to Beauding, et al (2003) investigate the impact that growth in the working age population had on economic performance across the richest industrialized countries. The countries with higher growth of the adult population exhibited lower growth in output per worker but higher growth in employment.

According to Caifang, et al (2006) have investigate the impact of demographic transition on economic growth. It has divided into two categories as demographic dividend and demographic debts. Hence it is necessary to establish a sustainable pension system to safeguard society in the era of an aging population.
According to Batini, et al (2006) presented an econometric model that can be used to examine the economic implications the demographic transition. It also pointed out that large changes would occur in savings and investment results in demographic change.

**Industry Profile**

A population explosion is a sudden increase in the number of individuals in a particular species. Population Explosion defined as a significant number of people staying in the individual area. It is a huge problem in India. In fact, in all over the world, it is increasing, especially in the poorer countries it is developing.

The term is typically used in reference to the world's human population, especially the population boom that followed the end of World War II due to a combination of an accelerated birth rate, decrease in infant mortality, and an increased life expectancy.

**Causes of Population Explosion:**

1. Lack of family planning: People don’t know that producing more and more children is not necessarily beneficial.
2. Source of income: Poor people, whose main source of income is through physical labour, actually benefit from producing more and more children as their children would work more and in-turn bring more income to the family.
3. The birth rate is still higher than the death rate. We have been successful in declining the death rates but the same cannot be said for birth rates.
4. The fertility rate due to the population policies and other measures has been falling but even then, it is much higher compared to other countries.
5. Immigration: Unchecked immigration into countries may lead to overpopulation to the point where those countries no longer have required resource for their population.
6. Reduced morality rates: Improvement in medical technology has led to lower morality rates for many serious diseases.
7. Other causes: Apart from the above, the following are other causes of population explosion social compulsory of marriage, lack of means of entertainment, ambition of big family, betterment in economic position, joint family system, etc.
Advantages of Population Explosion:

1) Growth of information economy - Overpopulation can be beneficial because the more people there are, the more the information economy will grow.
2) Rapid urbanisation - Overpopulation also creates more urbanisation, which translates to economic development.
4) Expansion of market - An increase in the population will raise the demand for various essential as well as luxury goods. It acts as an incentive for the producers to set up more industries which will bring economic development.

Disadvantages of Population Explosion:

1) Depletion of natural habitats - As the population increases it reaches to the point where the originally available space for the people to settle no is no longer enough hence forcing them to move to regions originally occupied by other living species.

2) Poor access to quality health - If the population increases the support capability of the country in terms of medical equipment, doctors or medical suppliers, the lives and health quality of the people in the overpopulated areas is at stake.

3) Depletion of freshwater resources - Human activity such as logging, charcoal burning and encroachment to rainforest and water tower zones is continuously posing a major threat to the source of this limited commodity in the human existence.

Problems Due to Population Explosion

1) Health issues
2) Unemployment
3) Poverty
4) Lawlessness
5) Unequal education

Objectives

1) To evaluate the job availability in market
2) To analyse the need of the job
3) To evaluate percentage of population explosion and percentage of job opportunities
4) To reduce the impact on job market

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The research paper is titled as “A study on Population Explosion and its Impact on job market in Bangalore”. The study would include the rise in population explosion and the availability of job opportunities and its impact on job market. The study is conducted within Bangalore.

**Significance**

Understanding population growth is important because populations of different species interact and affect one another, including human populations. One important part of a population model is the growth rate. A study on population explosion allows to study the nature in which population changes over time and this is important as it allows to study how changes to the population such as the aging population phenomenon witness, can lead to a decrease in GDP and also an increase in mechanisation. Studying the characteristics of populations experiencing different rates of growth helps provide scientists and demographers with insight into the factors important for predicting future human population growth, but it is a complicated task; in addition to the density dependent an independent factor. As human population grow, human demands for resources like water, land, trees and energy also grow. Population growth has relatively easy and inexpensive solutions and because population impacts every environmental challenge- it is an essential element to achieve sustainability. It helps to understand the processes that influence the size, growth, characteristics, and distribution of human population. By analysing birth rates, death rates, immigration patterns and actuarial tables of life expectancy it explains past trends and accurately predict the future.

**Limitations**

1) Formulation of research aims and objectives  
2) Time is constraint  
3) Implementation of data collection method  
4) Access to relevant information  
5) To gain in-depth knowledge of underlying reasons  
6) Fluency in a language

**Research Gap**

This research is being conducted to study population and its impact on job market. It studies the evaluation of job market and also analyse the job opportunities. It also measures percentage
of population explosion and percentage of job opportunities. Lastly, we will see whether increase in population leads to the impact on job market.

**Hypothesis**

**H1-** Increase in population may affect job market in Bangalore  
**H0-** Increase in population may not affect job market in Bangalore

**H2-** Population explosion may lead to increase in unemployment  
**H0-** Population explosion may not lead to increase in unemployment

**H3-** Overpopulation leads to heavy competition in the job market  
**H0-** Overpopulation may not lead to heavy competition in the job market

**H4-** Population explosion increases job opportunities in the job market  
**H0-** Population explosion does not increase job opportunities in the job market

**H5-** Increase in population have impact on job opportunities  
**H0-** Increase in population does not have impact on job opportunities

**Analysis and Interpretation**

**Table: 1**

Table depicting the evaluation of Job availability in Job Market

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Particular</th>
<th>Number of responses</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rarely</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>34%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sometimes</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>57%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Never</td>
<td>09</td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>100</strong></td>
<td><strong>100%</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Data Analysis

This table depicts that 34% of respondents have chosen rarely, 57% of the respondents have chosen sometimes and 9% of the respondents have chosen never.

Graph: 1

Graph depicting the evaluation of Job availability in Job Market

Data Interpretation

This graph depicts that majority of the respondents evaluate the availability of the job in the job market sometimes because they need to determine salary, promotions and transfers and some of the respondents rarely evaluate job availability in the job market because they haven’t researched about the job and company and few of them will never evaluate as they are over qualified or under qualified or they might be proactive.
A Study on Population Explosion and its Impact on Job Market in Bangalore

Table: 2

Table depicting that Job Evaluation is necessary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Particular</th>
<th>Number of responses</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>94</td>
<td>94%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No</td>
<td>06</td>
<td>6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data Analysis

This table depicts that 94% of the respondents have chosen yes and 6% of the respondents have chosen no.

Graph: 2

Graph depicting that Job Evaluation is necessary
Data Interpretation

This graph depicts that majority of the respondents have selected YES because evaluating job helps them in determining pay scale determination and confidentiality issues and few of them have selected NO because evaluating job might lead to over pressure and cannot judge the real qualities of an individual.

Table: 3

The table depicting the importance of analysing the need of the Job

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Particular</th>
<th>Number of responses</th>
<th>percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>96</td>
<td>96%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No</td>
<td>04</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data Analysis

This table depicts that 96% of the respondents have chosen yes and 4% of the respondents have chosen no.

Graph: 3

The graph depicts the importance of analysing the need of the Job
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**Data Interpretation**

This graph depicts that majority of the respondents have selected YES because analysing the job enables to work efficiently and effectively manage job related activities and few of them have selected NO because analysing the job is not important to them as it does not help them in any of the ways.

**Table: 4**

Table depicting the availability of Job Opportunities in the Job Market

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Particular</th>
<th>Number of responses</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>36%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>66%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Data Analysis**

This table depicts that 36% of the respondents have chosen yes and 66% of the respondents have chosen no.

**Graph: 4**

Graph depicting the availability of Job Opportunities in the Job Market

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Data Interpretation

This graph depicts that majority of the respondents have selected NO as there are less number of job opportunities because of poor management, career growth and advancements and few of them have selected YES because according to them there are enough of job opportunities in the market due to more advancements and technologies.

Table: 5

Table depicting the co-relation between the Population Explosion and Job Opportunities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Particulars</th>
<th>Number of responses</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dependent</td>
<td>63</td>
<td>63%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interdependent</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>37%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data Analysis

This table depicts that 63% of the respondents have chosen dependent and 37% of the respondents have chosen interdependent.

Graph: 5

Graph depicting the co-relation between the Population Explosion and Job Opportunities
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Data Interpretation

This graph depicts that majority of the respondents have selected dependent because increase in the population affects job opportunities as it increases the demand of the jobs and minority of them has selected interdependent because population explosion does not affect job opportunities.

Table: 6

Table depicting that demand is a key factor to increase Job Opportunities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Particulars</th>
<th>Number of responses</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Agree</td>
<td>76</td>
<td>76%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strongly agree</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>11%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disagree</td>
<td>03</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strongly disagree</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data Analysis

This table depicts that 76% of the respondents have chosen agree, 11% of the respondents have chosen strongly agree, 3% of the respondents have chosen disagree and 10% of the respondents have chosen strongly disagree.

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Graph: 6
Graph depicting that demand is a key factor to increase Job Opportunities

![Graph showing agreement on demand as a key factor]

Data Interpretation
The graph depicts that majority of the respondents agree that demand is a key factor to increase job opportunities because job opportunities can be increased based on the demand for the jobs and minority of them strongly agree as demand is a key factor because increase in the demand leads to increase in job opportunities and some of them disagree as increase in demand does not increase job opportunities and few of them strongly disagree because demand is not a key factor to increase job opportunities.

Table: 7
Table depicting that there are other ways to increase Job Opportunities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Particulars</th>
<th>Number of responses</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>56%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No</td>
<td>01</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May be</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>43%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data Analysis
This table depicts that 56% of the respondents have chosen yes, 1% have chosen no and 43% of the respondents have chosen may be.

Graph: 7
Graph depicting that there are other many ways to increase Job Opportunities

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Data Interpretation

This graph depicts that majority of the respondents have selected YES because job opportunities can be increased by reducing interest rates, to spend more on unemployment benefits and to cut business payroll taxes for new hires and minority have selected MAY BE because the respondents assume that either they are other ways nor there are no other ways to increase job opportunities and few of them have selected NO because according to them there are no other ways to increase job opportunities.

Table: 8

Table depicting that Population Explosion and Job Opportunities can be measured

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Particulars</th>
<th>Number of responses</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Agree</td>
<td>73</td>
<td>73%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strongly agree</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>18%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disagree</td>
<td>09</td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strongly disagree</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data Analysis

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This table depicts that 73% of the respondents have chosen to agree, 18% of the respondents have chosen strongly to agree, 9% of the respondents have chosen to disagree and none of the respondents have chosen strongly to disagree.

**Graph: 8**

Graph depicting that Population Explosion and Job Opportunities can be measured

**Data Interpretation**

This graph depicts that majority of the respondents have agreed that population explosion and job opportunities can be measured because to know the increase in population and availability of jobs in the job market through economic development and few of them strongly agree that it can be measured and some of them disagree that population explosion and job opportunities cannot be measured.
Table: 9

Table depicting the impact of Population Explosion on the Job Market

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Particulars</th>
<th>Number of responses</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Positive</td>
<td>47</td>
<td>47%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Negative</td>
<td>53</td>
<td>53%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data Analysis

This table depicts that 47% of the respondents have chosen positive and 53% of the respondents have chosen negative.

Graph: 9

Graph depicting the impact of Population Explosion on the Job Market

Data Interpretation

This graph depicts that majority of the respondents have selected negative because according to them population explosion has negative impact on the job market due to the increase of unemployed men and women at alarming rate and minority of them have selected positive because increase in population leads to the advancements and also increases the job opportunities.

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Table: 10

Table depicting that Population Explosion leads to the increase in Unemployment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Particulars</th>
<th>Number of responses</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>58%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No</td>
<td>06</td>
<td>6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May be</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>36%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data Analysis

This table depicts that 58% of the respondents have chosen yes, 6% have chosen no and 36% of the respondents have chosen may be.

Graph: 10

Graph depicting that Population Explosion leads to the increase in Unemployment

Data Interpretation

This graph depicts that majority of the respondents have selected YES because population explosion leads to unemployment due to lower education, high birth rates and minority of them have selected MAY BE because either population explosion leads to unemployment nor it does not leads to unemployment and few of them have selected NO because increase in population does not lead to increase in the unemployment as there are enough of job opportunities.
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available in the market.

**Findings**

The findings of this research are:

1) More than the majority that is 57% of respondents sometimes evaluate the availability of the job in the job market because they need to determine salary, promotion and transfer.

2) Majority of 94% of respondents agree that job evaluation is necessary because evaluating of job helps them in determining pay scale and confidentiality issues.

3) Most of the respondents that are 96% agree that analysing the need of the job is important because it enables to work efficiently and effectively manage job activities.

4) 65% of the respondents feel that the availability of job opportunities in the job market is less because of lack of education skills, increase in population, advancement and technology.

5) Majority of 63% of respondents feel that population explosion and job opportunities are dependent because increase in the population affects job opportunities as its increase the demand of the jobs.

6) 76% of the respondent agree that demand is a key factor to increase job opportunities because job opportunities can be increased based on the demand for the jobs.

7) From the study 56% respondents prefer that there are many other ways to increase job opportunities by reducing interest rates, spend more on unemployment benefits and to cut business payroll taxes for new hires.
8) Most of the respondents agree that population explosion and job opportunities can be measured because to know the increase in population and availability of jobs in the job market through economic development.

9) 53% of the respondents feel that population explosion has a negative impact on the job market due to the increase of unemployed men and women at alarming rate.

10) More than the majority that is 58% of the respondents agree that population explosion leads to unemployment due to lower education and high birth rates.

**Suggestions**

Population have increased drastically over the years. The reason being is birth rate is high, low life expectancy, low literacy and GDP per capita is low. Population explosion affects job market, and this can be resolved by knowing the problems of unemployed, dependent on their skill and knowledge, by assessing and evaluating job opportunities that is available and suitable for their education.

Analysis of job can be done through common methods such as observation, questionnaires and also based on intermittent sampling. The use of the observations is limited because many jobs do not have complete job cycle. The impact of overpopulation can be reduced by improving education sector with real life scenario skills and by increasing the number of opportunities. Another way to reduce impact is by taking whole population into consideration and to check the number of people employed.

The job opportunities can be increased by changing the social outlook of the people and standard of living. In order to maintain their higher standard of living people prefer to have small family. The communication plays a vital role in job market. The communication medias
like TV, Radio and Newspapers are the good means to spread awareness among the people in the society. The first and foremost measure is to raise, the employment avenues in urban areas.

Population explosion is social problem and is deeply rooted in the society, so efforts must be done to remove the social evils. In order to reduce the problem faced by the people regarding their jobs can be done by providing various types of incentives, promotion and transfers according to their working class. Job opportunities has to be increased accordingly to the population growth. Jobs should be provided according to the capability of the person without any recommendation. The change in age composition creates a window of opportunities to the people in the society. The relationship between population growth and job market has been a recurrent theme if economic analysis.

**Conclusion**

Population growth is one of the important factors that affects job market. It is a sudden increase in the number of individuals in a particular area. This population explosion is itself the result of a dramatic improvement in human life expectancy around the world. The problem of unemployment is caused due to overpopulation. It has also increased the competition for work and also made it tougher to find the job, employers can hire employees for lower wage because there are more applicants than jobs to go around. During tough times employees are also less likely to give a job they dislike because the odds are against them to find a better job.

Controlling the growth of population helps to ensure that enough job opportunities are available so that they can look forward to a log and successful career. Key to control population is education. In general, the higher the population the more jobs are created to serve the needs of the people but in the current situation job opportunities are lacking behind. The advanced technology is reducing the number of employees needed in a company. By implementing birth...
control, it would directly limit birth rate in countries that have extremely high growth rates and would ultimately slow the population growth. This ensures to reduce the impact a job market.

The government cannot ignore the problem of population explosion, as its entire development depends on how effectively it is stemmed. Population explosion has caused more pressure on job markets. Overpopulation affects society and is one of the important problems facing humanity. Population explosion is a primary engine for the changes in the job market.

Nevertheless, population explosion constitutes a potential impact on job market.

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Annexure

Name:

Age:

Are you a working or non-working person?

1) How often do you evaluate job availability in job market?
   • Rarely
   • Sometimes
   • Never

2) Do you think job evaluation is necessary?
   • Yes
   • No

3) Is it important to analyse the need of the job?
   • Yes
   • No

4) Do you think enough of job opportunities are available in the market?
   • Yes
   • No

5) Is there a co-relation between population explosion and job opportunities?
   • Dependent
   • Interdependent
6) Do you agree demand is a key factor to increase job opportunities?
   • Agree
   • Strongly agree
   • Disagree
   • Strongly disagree

7) Do you think there are other ways to increase job opportunities?
   • Yes
   • No
   • Maybe

8) Do you agree that population explosion and job opportunities can be measured?
   • Agree
   • Strongly agree
   • Disagree
   • Strongly disagree

9) What kind of impact does the population explosion have on job market?
   • Positive
   • Negative

10) Do you think population explosion leads to increase in unemployment?
    • Yes
    • No
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- Maybe

11) What are the ways in which analysis of job can be done?

12) Do you think population explosion affects job market in Bangalore?